## Human Exposure Model, Version 4 (HEM4)



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## Overview

What is the Human Exposure Model (HEM)?

Why do we need HEM?

How does HEM work?

What's new in the most recent HEM version (HEM4)?





# What is HEM?



### Inhalation Exposure Modeling System

- Used to assess risks from multiple air toxic emissions
  - Regulatory uses Risk and Technology Review analyses
  - Non-regulatory uses Past NATA analyses, special projects

# Uses the AERMOD dispersion model to estimate pollutant concentrations

Uses health reference values and Census data to estimate individual risks and population risks





# Why do we need HEM?

### We need to model:

- Many facilities (for example, for EPA's RTR program)
  - Some source categories can have >1000 facilities
- Many pollutants (HAPs)\*
  - Some source categories emit > 100 HAPs
- Specific receptors
  - Census block locations (for chronic exposures) are included in HEM

### We need to estimate:

- Maximum individual cancer risk (MIR)
- Maximum chronic non-cancer hazard indices (HI)
- Cancer incidence
- Population risks (numbers of people in certain risk ranges)
- Maximum acute non-cancer hazard quotients (HQ)
- Each metric for baseline and control scenarios
- \* AERMOD is run for a single-pollutant



# How does HEM work?

HEM creates an AERMOD-ready input file using spreadsheet input files

- Emissions from multiple source types including: point (vertical, horizontal, and capped), volume, area, polygon, line, and buoyant line
- Receptors:
  - Census block centroids for chronic exposure and risk assumes 24/7 and 70 years exposure
    - Block information (location, population, elevation) included in HEM
  - Polar receptors for acute exposure where people may be for short periods and to interpolate concentrations/risks for distant Census blocks
  - User-defined receptors nearby residents, schools, monitor sites...

HEM runs AERMOD - EPA's preferred dispersion model (40 CFR Part 51 Appendix W) - as a compiled executable program

HEM post-processes AERMOD-created output files to predict exposure and risk metrics for multiple pollutants and facilities at numerous census block, polar and user-defined receptors.

## **HEM Schematic**



## **AERMOD Components**



I/O files (convert to Excel format)

# **AERMOD** Options in HEM

AERMOD	HEM	Comment
User-supplied met data	YES	If not user-supplied, met library used
Time-varying emissions	YES	Allowed AERMOD variation factors: SEASON, MONTH, HROFDY, SEASHR, SHRDOW, SHRDOW7, MHRDOW, and WSPEED
Building downwash	YES	
Deposition/depletion	YES	
Urban or rural	YES	Option to let HEM determine
Multiple urban areas or rural and urban areas in a single run	NO	These are not typical scenarios
Terrain	YES	Database built into HEM
Capped/horizontal, open-pit sources	YES, NO	Yes to Capped/horizontal; No to open pit, which rarely appear in our modeling.
Pollutant decay	NO	App W: "Chemical transformations are generally not treated by AERMODthis option is typically not used in regulatory applications."

# What's new in HEM4?

### All functionality in one tool

Previously, there were two HEM models and multiple post-processing tools

### **Open source – Python**

### Can be used anywhere in the world

 Previous versions could only be used for US modeling (outside the US requires met data and receptor data be provided by the user)

### **Graphical Outputs**

### **Additional options**

- User can revise census block dataset to move/remove blocks as needed
- Allows period averages for partial year or multiple years
- Allows both Method 1 and Method 2 particle deposition
- Allows facility-specific acute "hivalu" other than the max hour (e.g., 99<sup>th</sup> percentile)

## What can HEM be used for?

#### Model an individual facility

- Concentration and risk estimates at census blocks, monitors, schools, user-defined receptors, etc.
- Deposition outputs to use in multipathway assessment

#### Model a facility cluster

- Concentration and risk estimates for each facility
- · Cancer incidence, population risks, and overall max risk location based on contributions from all facilities

#### Model a community

• Consider multiple source types, including stationary, mobile, etc.

#### Model a source category across the US

• EPA does this for the Risk and Technology Review program

#### Model facilities outside the US

User would need to supply receptor and meteorology data

#### HEM4 can be found on the EPA's FERA website:

<u>https://www.epa.gov/fera/download-human-exposure-model-hem</u>



# HEM4 System







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	А	K		L	М	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	
1 List of	Facilities	Mod	eling Dom	ain Defined		А	cute Option	S	De	positic	on and I	Depletic	n Para	meters
2 Facility	٧ID	fac_center	ring_dis	ts	acute	hours	multiplier	high_value	dep	depl	pdep	pdepl	vdep	vdepl
3 Fac1-N	С	L, 35.91, -78.89	100,500,	1000,5000,10000,25000	Y		50	87	57	~ ~ ~				
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1	Equility ID	Seuree ID	Pollutant	Emissions (tons/year)	particulate
2	Fac1-NC	CT000001	2 3 4 7 8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran		73.7
3	Fac1-NC	CT000001	1 2 3 6 7 8-Hexachlorodibenzo-n-diovin	0.000000018	97.1
4	Fac1-NC	CT000001	12378-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	0.0000000024	78.1
5		07000001		0.0000000170	94.9
	Fac1-NC	C1000001	1.2.3.6.7.8-Hexachlorodibenzoturan	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	J-1.0
6	Fac1-NC Fac1-NC	CT000001 CT000001	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	0.000000179	95.1
6 7	Fac1-NC Fac1-NC Fac1-NC	CT000001 CT000001 CT000001	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	0.0000000199 0.0000000032	95.1 94.2
6 7 8	Fac1-NC Fac1-NC Fac1-NC Fac1-NC	CT000001 CT000001 CT000001 CT000001	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	0.0000000179 0.00000000199 0.0000000032 0.0000000131	95.1 94.2 94.5

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	HEM4 USER GUIDE			

	A	B	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	
1				Source Locat	ions & Types				Dimen	sions & Relea	se Height (no	n-point sources	s)	F	Point Source	e
				X coordinate	Y coordinate	UTM zone		Length in x	Length in y		Initial lateral	Initial vertical			Stack	T
			Coordinate	Longitude	Latitude	number with	Source	direction	direction	Angle	dimension	dimension		Stack	diameter	
2	Facility ID	Source ID	system	(decimal) or	(decimal) or	hemisphere	type	(m)	(m)	(degrees)	(m)	(m)	Release height (m)	height (m)	(m)	
3	Fac1-NC	CT000001	L	-78.884072	35.900550		Р							50.3	2.82	
4	Fac1-NC	CV000001	L	-78.885586	35.901800		С							60.0	1.80	
5	Fac1-NC	HV000001	L	-78.888396	35.902618		Н							45.0	3.00	
6	Fac1-NC	FU000001	L	-78.884072	35.900159		Α	100	100	45			2			
7	Fac1-NC	SR000001	L	-78.883686	35.900628		V				10	10	10			
8	Fac1-NC	RW000001	L	-78.88843	35.90181		N	75				3	3			
9	Fac1-NC	RV000001	U	690891	3975044	17N	В						16.76			
10	Fac1-NC	RV000002	U	690891	3975124	17N	В						16.76			
11	Fac1-NC	RV000003	U	690891	3975204	17N	В						16.76			
12	Fac1-NC	RV000004	U	690891	3975284	17N	В						16.76			
13	Fac1-NC	MS000001	L	-78.888792	35.90592		- I						1.3			
14	Fac2-IL	CT000001	L	-88.257293	41.480164		Р							50.3	2 02	
15	Fac2-IL	FU000001	L	-88.256715	41.481944		Α	100	100	45			2			
16	1															Т

### HEM4's Risk Summary Report Screen

HEM4			-	×
		Create Risk Summary Reports		
G	RUN HEM4	Select output folder		
۵	REVISE CENSUS DATA	Max Risk Report Multipathway		
		Cancer Drivers Source Type Risk Histogram		
D/	SUMMARIZE RISKS	_		
		Hazard Index Drivers		
<u>~</u>	ANALYZE OUTPUTS	Risk Histogram		
>_	LOG	Hazard Index Histogram		
	HEM4 USER GUIDE	Incidence Drivers		
	AERMOD USER GUIDE	Acute Impacts		
		C Run Reports		



### HEM4's Tabular Output

	Facility_ID	HI_Type	HI_Total	Source_ID	Pollutant	Hazard_Index	Percentage	
1	Fac1-NC	Developmental HI	9.479141	SR000001	arsenic compounds	9.431920	99.500000	1
2	Fac1-NC	Kidney HI	1.570466	SR000001	cadmium compounds	1.506065	95.900000	
3	Fac1-NC	Respiratory HI	0.47091	RW000001	acrolein	0.29061	61.710000	
4	Fac1-NC	Respiratory HI	0.47091	FU000001	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.132177	28.070000	
5	Fac1-NC	Respiratory HI	0.47091	RW000001	acrolein	0.0321697	6.830000	
6	Fac1-NC	Liver HI	0.190013	FU000001	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.144408	76.000000	
7	Fac1-NC	Liver HI	0.190013	RW000001	trichloroethylene	0.0312142	16.430000	
8	Fac1-NC	Reproductive HI	0.090131	RV000001	1,3-butadiene	0.0887254	98.440000	
9	Fac1-NC	Neurological HI	0.065151	RW000001	trichloroethylene	0.0348731	53.530000	
10	Fac1-NC	Neurological HI	0.065151	FU000001	mercury (elemental)	0.0229932	35.290000	
11	Fac1-NC	Neurological HI	0.065151	RW000001	trichloroethylene	0.00386036	5.930000	
12	Fac1-NC	Immunological HI	0.039509	RW000001	trichloroethylene	0.0348731	88.260000	
13	Fac1-NC	Immunological HI	0.039509	RW000001	trichloroethylene	0.00386036	9.770000	
14	Fac2-IL	Liver HI	0.024612	FU000001	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.0225351	91.560000	
15	Fac2-IL	Respiratory HI	0.024087	FU000001	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.0225351	93.550000	
16	Fac2-IL	Neurological HI	0.016217	FU000001	mercury (elemental)	0.0141467	87.230000	
17	Fac2-IL	Neurological HI	0.016217	FU000001	mercury (elemental)	0.00155341	9.580000	
18	Fac1-NC	Hematological HI	0.000931	FU000001	selenium compounds	0.00090521	97.180000	
19	Fac2-IL	Hematological HI	0.000522	FU000001	selenium compounds	0.000517802	99.180000	
20	Fac1-NC	Skeletal HI	0.000461	RW000001	hydrofluoric acid	0.000415156	90.030000	
21	Fac1-NC	Endocrine HI	7.09803e	RV000001	cumene	5.67842e-06	80.000000	
22	Fac1-NC	Endocrine HI	7.09803e	RV000001	cumene	1.41961e-06	20.000000	
23	Fac2-IL	Reproductive HI	1.28789e	FU000001	benzo[a]pyrene	9.69533e-07	75.280000	
24	Fac2-IL	Developmental HI	1.28789e	FU000001	benzo[a]pyrene	9.69533e-07	75.280000	
25	Fac2-IL	Reproductive HI	1.28789e	FU000001	benzo[a]pyrene	3.18352e-07	24.720000	
26	Fac2-IL	Developmental HI	1.28789e	FU000001	benzo[a]pyrene	3.18352e-07	24.720000	-

### HEM4's Graphical Summary Charts



### HEM4's Output Chronic Facility Risk Map

🍣 Google Earth Pro



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# HEM4's Output Chronic Facility Risk Map



### HEM4's Output Acute Facility Risk Map

→ C ① File C:/Work/HEM4v14/output/cdc\_test/Acute%20Maps/Fac1-GA\_acrolein\_ERPG-1.html

#### Fac1-GA Acrolein Acute HQ (ERPG-1)



### HEM4's Graphical Summary Map





HEM4 can be found on the EPA's FERA website: https://www.epa.gov/fera/download-human-exposure-model-hem

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