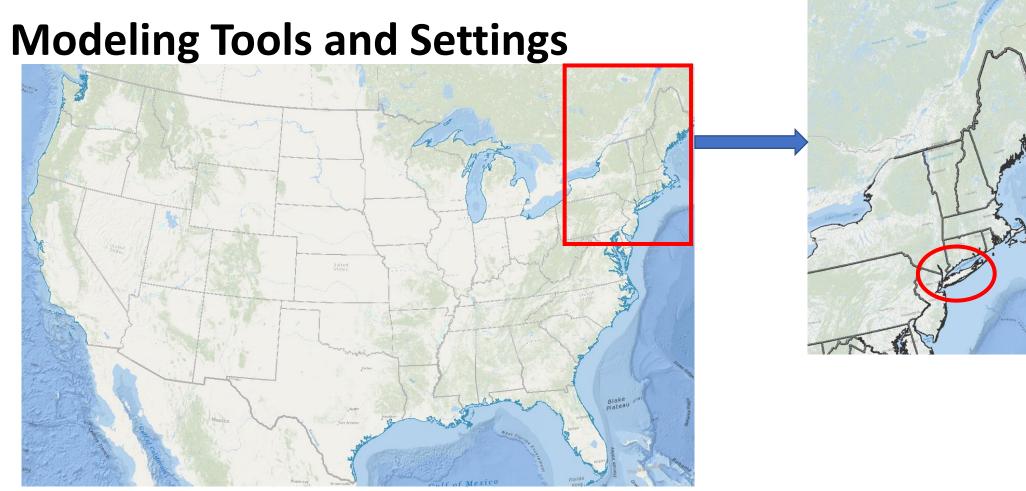
Sources Contribution to Ozone in Connecticut

- Yukui Li, Kristina Wagstrom
- Department of Chemical & Biomolecular Engineering, University of Connecticut

Objective

All Connecticut Counties receive "F" for ozone pollution (American Lung Association 2020 State of the Air)

| County | Total Unhealthy Days | Orange Days | Red Days |
|------------|----------------------|-------------|----------|
| Fairfield | 60 | 42 | 18 |
| Hartford | 11 | 10 | 1 |
| Litchfield | 13 | 12 | 1 |
| Middlesex | 29 | 26 | 3 |
| New haven | 40 | 31 | 9 |
| New London | 24 | 21 | 3 |
| Tolland | 12 | 12 | 0 |
| Windham | 14 | 13 | 1 |



Analysis Domain: Northeastern US, 67X102 grid cells

CAMx v6.50 OSAT: Ozone Source Apportionment Technology DDM: The Decoupled Direct Method

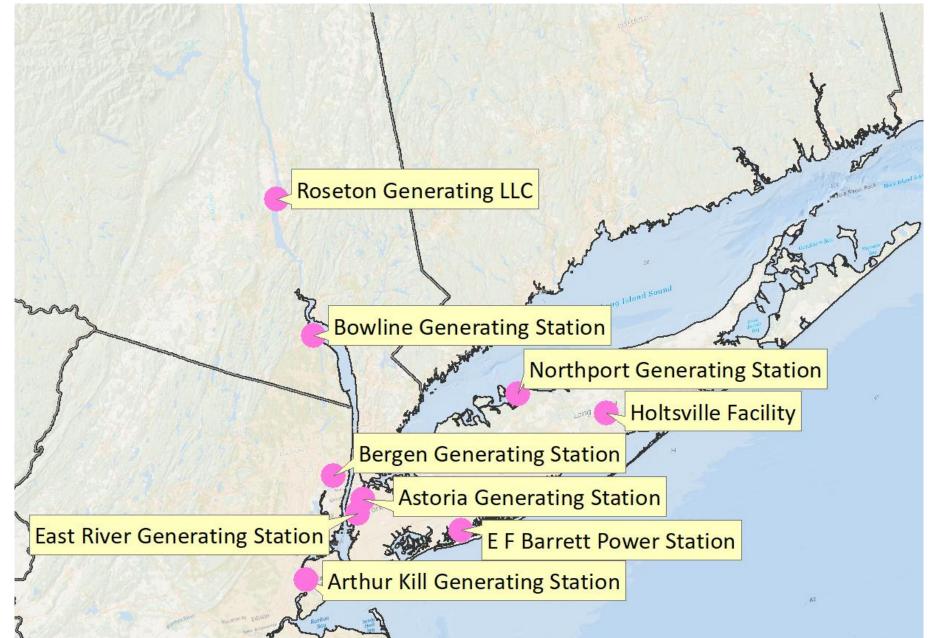
CMAQ v5.3.1

ISAM: The Integrated Source Apportionment Method

Spatial Domain & Resolution: 12US2, 396X246 grid cells; 12 x 12 km **Temporal Domain & Resolution:** 2016; Hourly

Inputs: NEIC 2016 beta (2016ff) - Beta version of the National Emission Inventory Collaborative's 2016 modeling platform.

Selected Sources

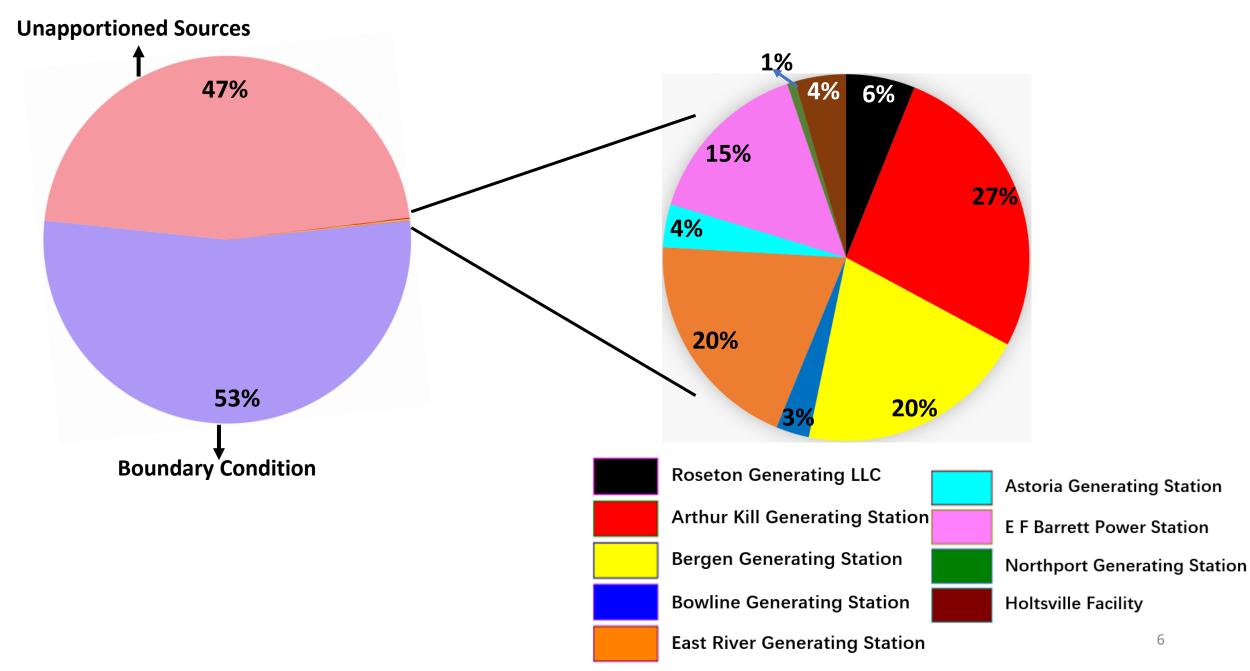


Model evaluation

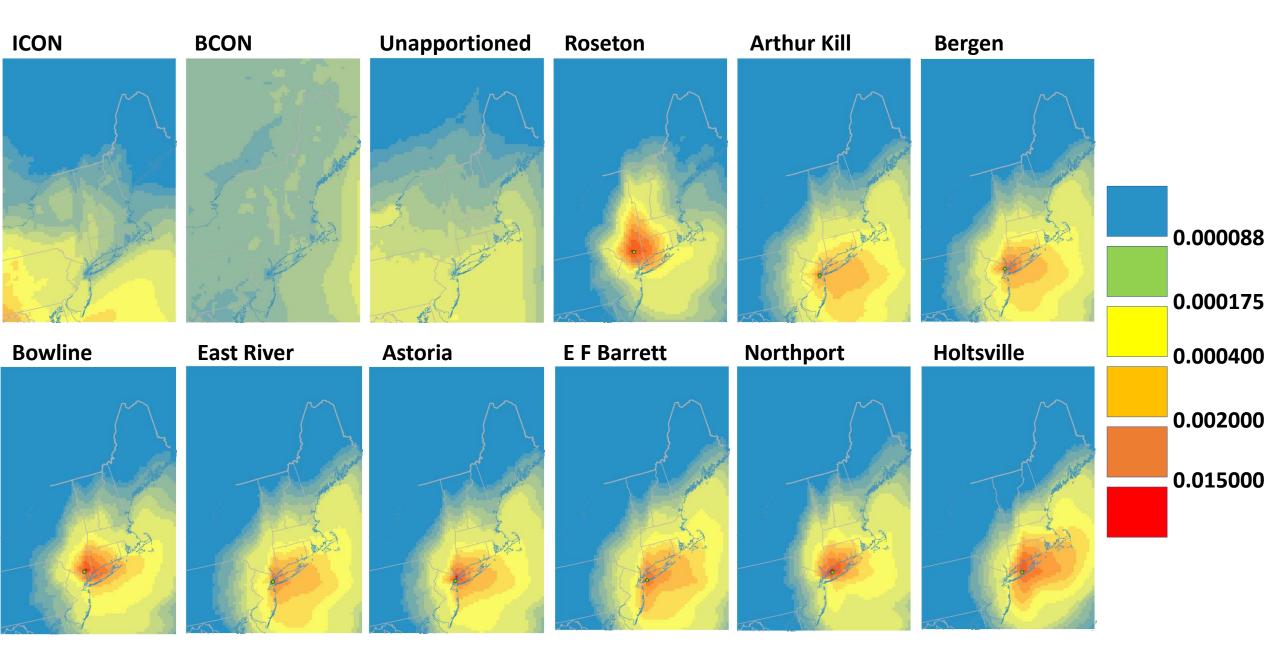
| | САМх | | CMAQ | |
|----------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | April to October | June to August | April to October | June to August |
| MB (ppb) | 1.81 | 4.43 | 2.86 | 6.09 |
| ME (ppb) | 9.06 | 9.00 | 9.84 | 10.84 |
| MFB | 0.12 | 0.19 | 0.11 | 0.19 |
| MFE | 0.37 | 0.34 | 0.39 | 0.38 |

Observed ozone data for model evaluation is from U.S. EPA (AQS Data, 2016)

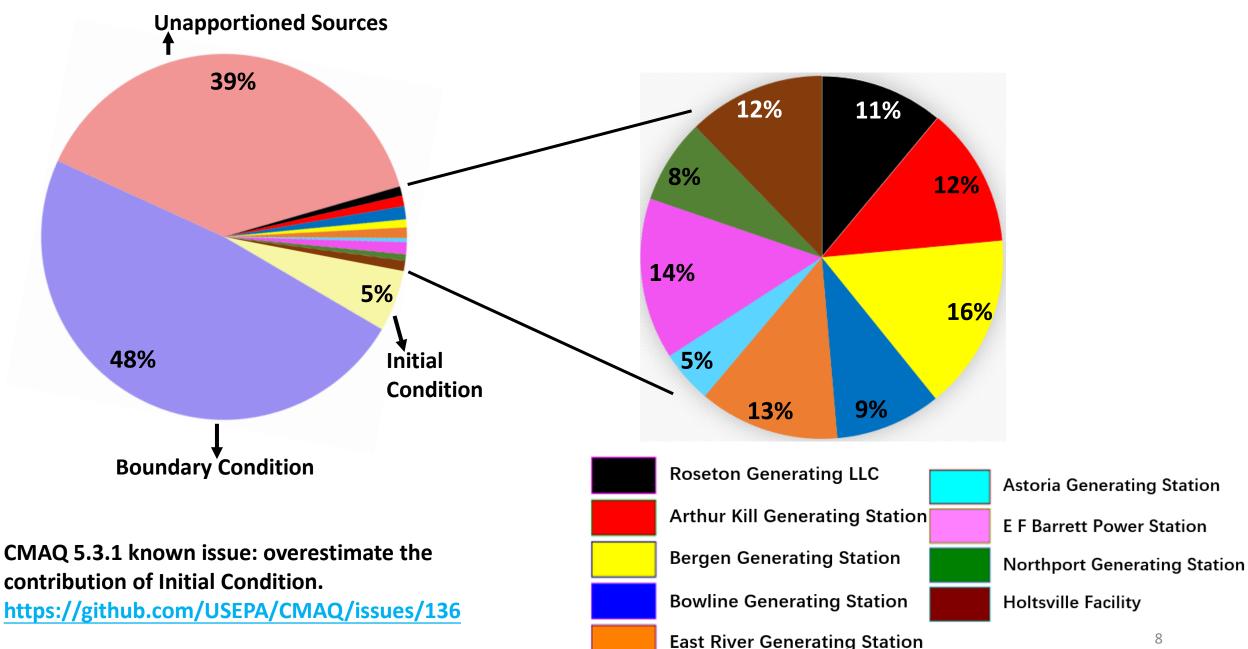
CAMx OSAT Summertime Average Source Apportionment



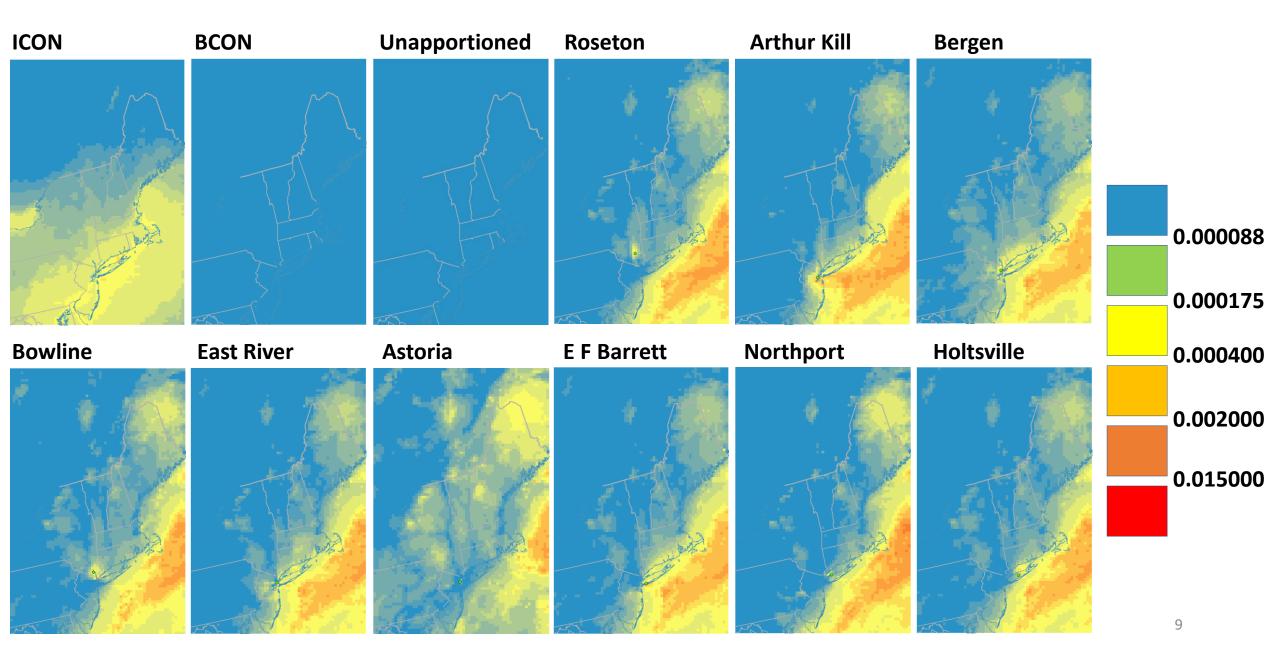
CAMx OSAT Summertime Average Fractional Source Apportionment



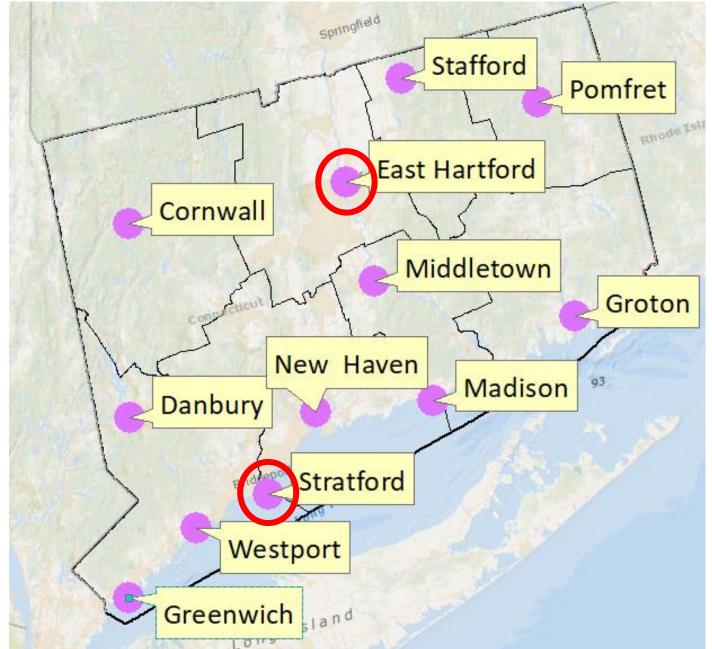
CMAQ ISAM Summertime Average Source Apportionment



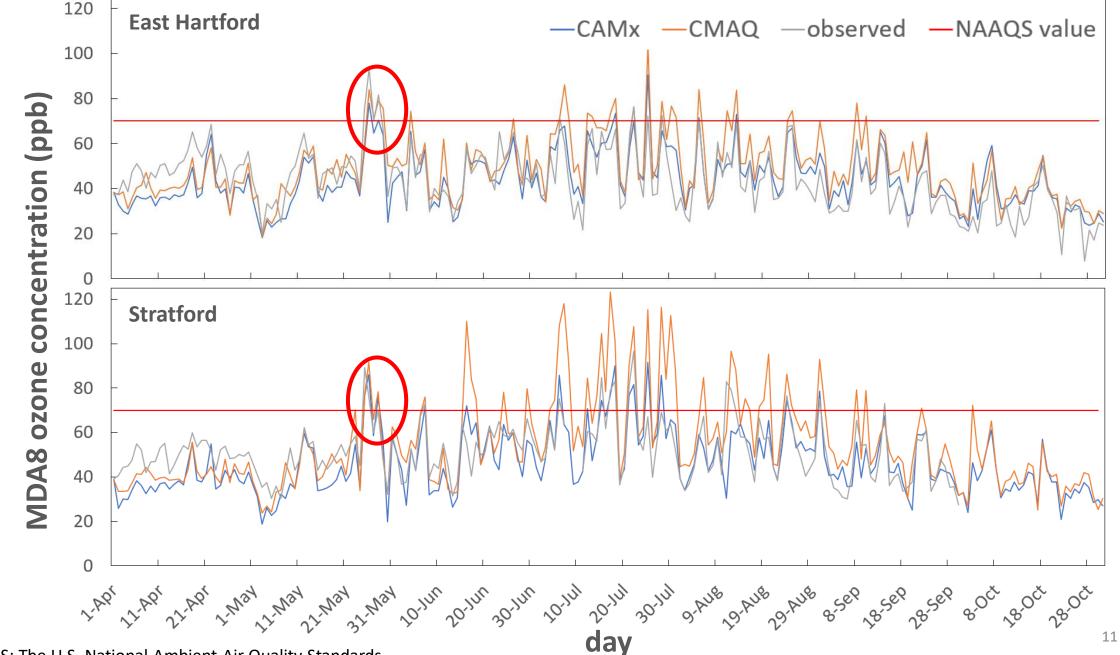
CMAQ ISAM Summertime Average Fractional Source Apportionment



Ozone Monitoring Sites in CT

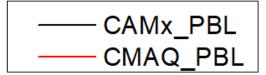


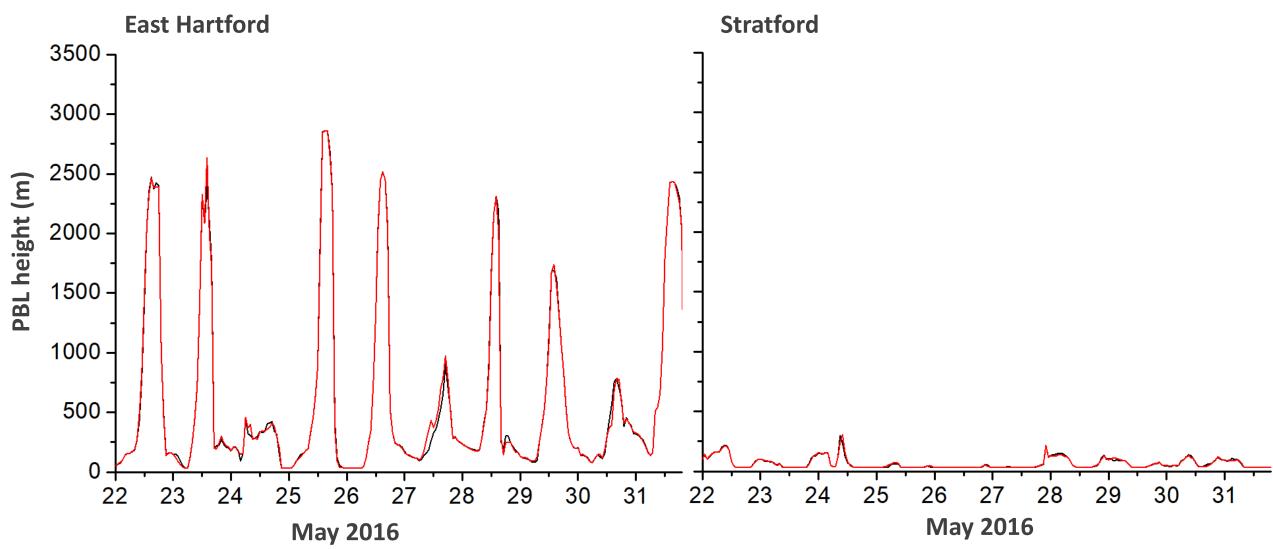




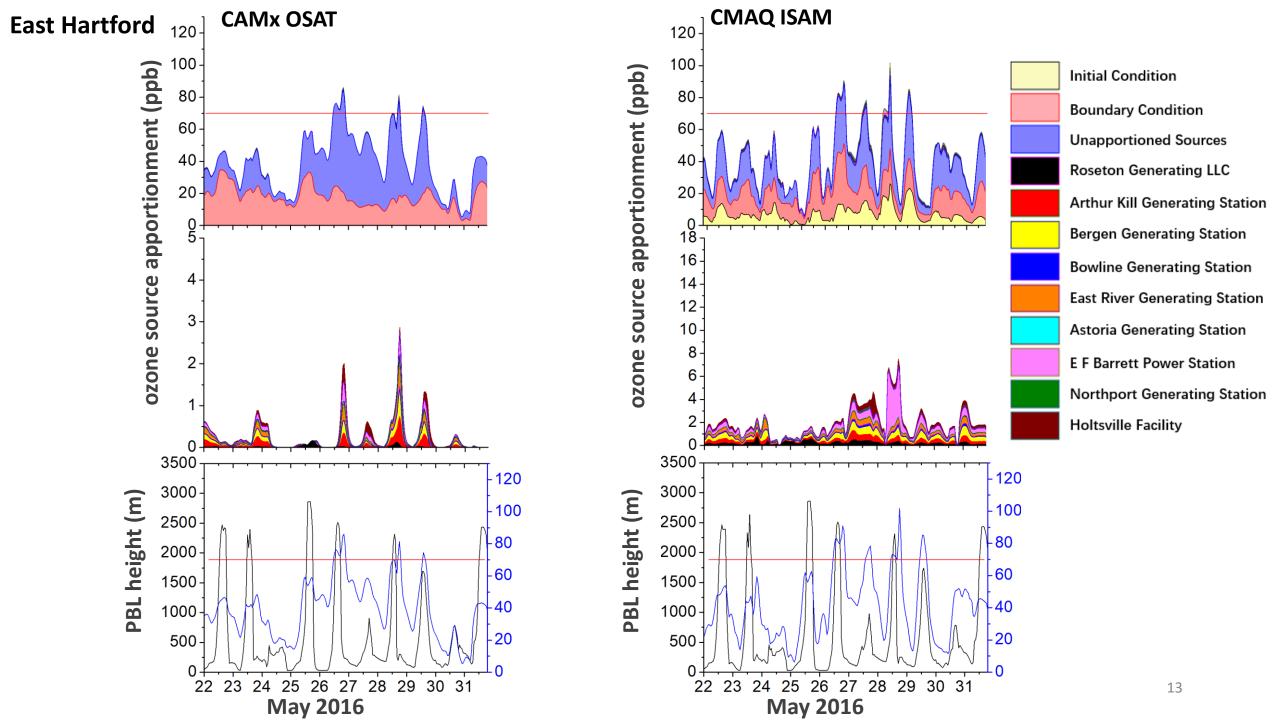
NAAQS: The U.S. National Ambient Air Quality Standards

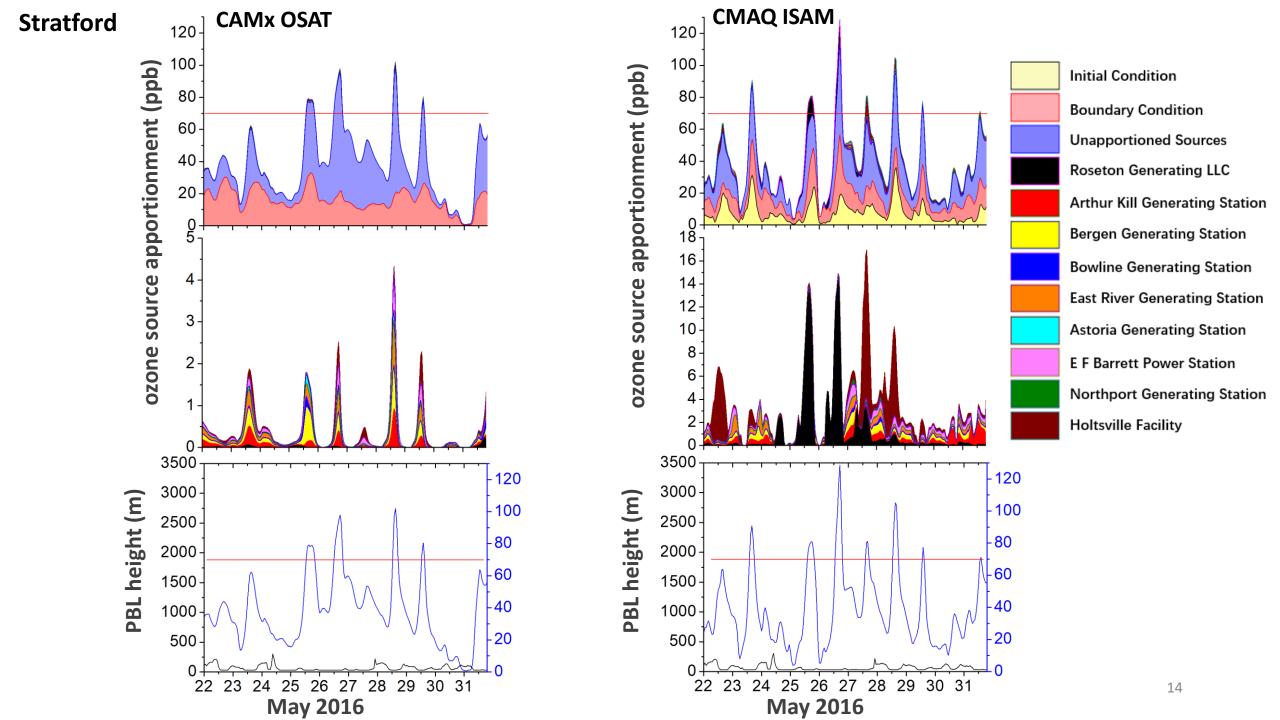
May High Ozone PBL Analysis

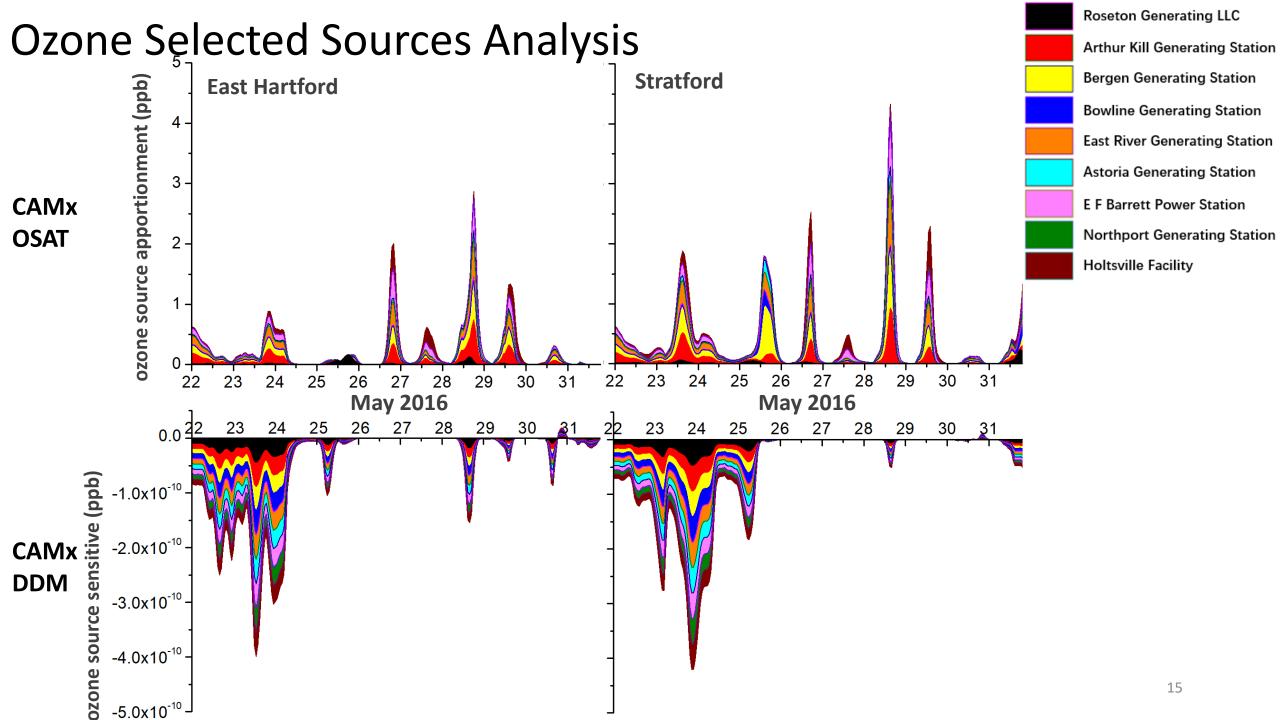




PBL height: Planetary Boundary Layer height







Conclusion

- BCON and Unapportioned Sources contribute the most to ozone concentration.
- Nine selected sources add up contribute to very less ozone concentration in CT.
- The contribution of BCON to ozone remains constant. But Unapportioned Sources and Selected Sources contribute a lot more when ozone concentration is in a very high level.
- Sources contribution and PBL height peaks of all the sources follow the total ozone peak.

Acknowledgements

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University of Connecticut High Performance Computing Resources

Funding:

Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection

End

Thank you