Photochemical Model Assessment of PM2.5 Ammonium Nitrate in California

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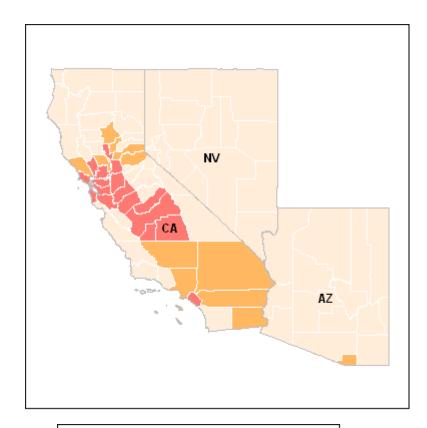
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California PM2.5

- Many nonattainment counties for the 24-hr PM2.5 NAAQS located in the central Valley of California
- Elevated 24-hr PM2.5 often composed of ammonium nitrate and organic carbon in this area



EPA Designation

- Attainment/Unclassifiable
- Nonattainment Whole County
- Nonattainment Partial County

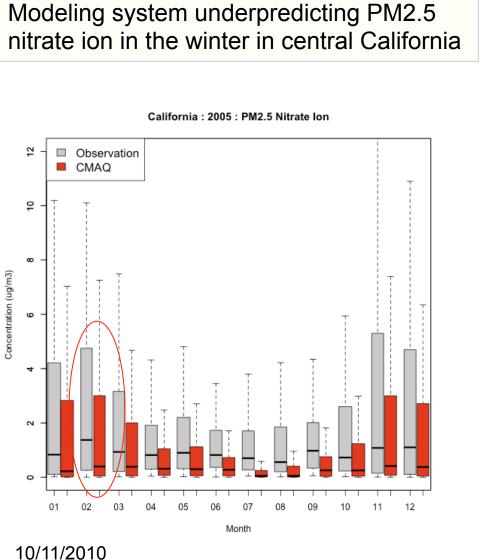
Background

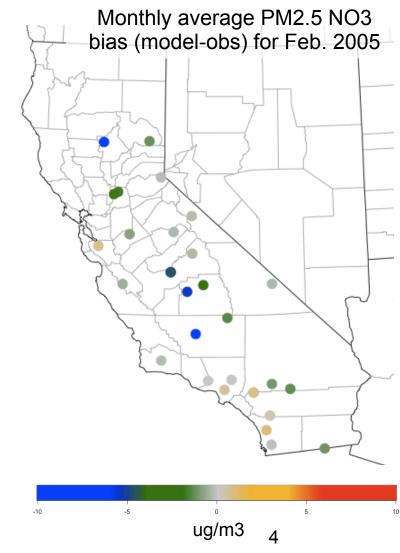
MODELING SYSTEM

- Evaluate regulatory modeling system performance for PM2.5 in California
- MM5 meteorology
- SMOKE emissions modeling based emissions on 2005 NEI
- CMAQ v4.7 photochemical modeling
- Annual 2005 modeling of western U.S. with 12 km sized grid cells

AMBIENT DATA

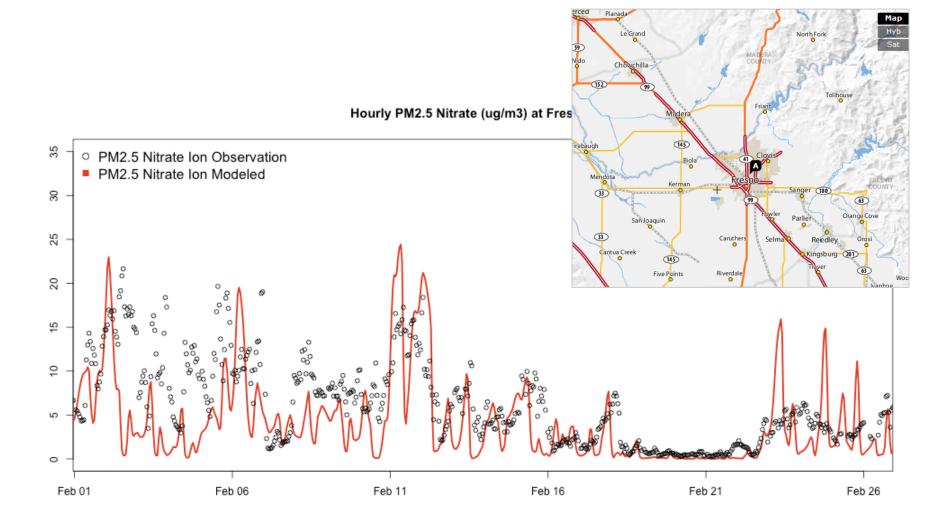
- 24-hr avg speciated PM2.5: IMPROVE and CSN (STN, ESPN)
- Hourly PM2.5 nitrate ion & black carbon at Fresno
- Hourly surface meteorology: T, WS, WD, MR, Fog, Haze
- Upper air soundings at Hanford, CA





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Hourly PM2.5 Nitrate at Fresno



Possible Causes of Nitrate Bias

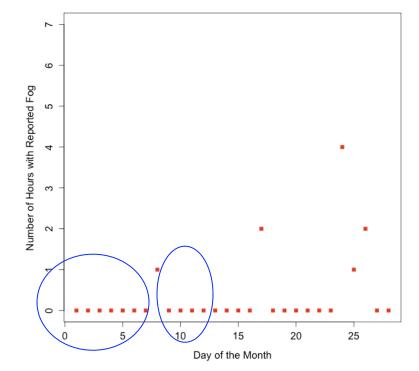
- Chemistry related issues
 - Formation of HNO₃: chemistry(gas-phase, heterogeneous, cloud/fog) or NO_x emissions
 - Gas/particle partitioning: NH₄ emissions or met
- How well is the hourly meteorology characterized at Fresno
 - Temperature and relative humidity important for nitrate partitioning
 - Any clear connection between performance issues in meteorological variables and PM2.5 performance problems?

• Transport/Dilution

HNO₃ Formation: chemistry

$N_2O_5 + H_2O \otimes 2HNO_3$

- CMAQ gas and heterogeneous chemistry already over-predict this chemistry
- This process also occurs in clouds/fog
 - Does model under-predict fog occurrences in SJV?
- Days with highest nitrate bias for this Fresno episode (Feb 1-5, 2005) did not have any reported fog



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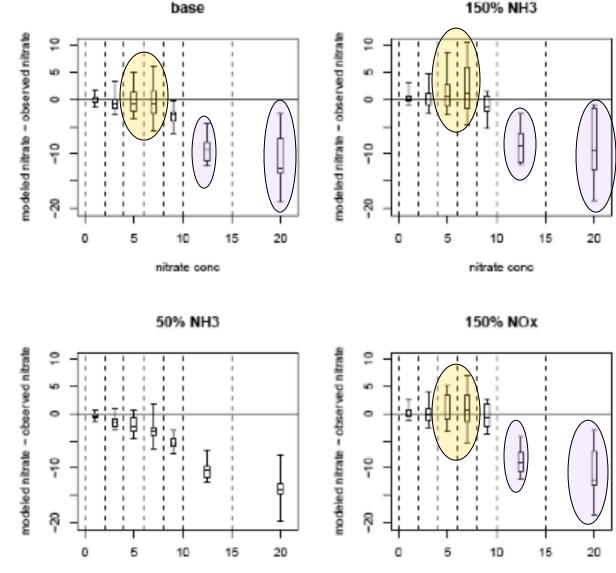
Daily Fog Observations at Fresno : Feb 2005

Emissions: NH3 and NOX

- Can emissions inaccuracies explain these nitrate under-predictions?
- Modeling system currently applies a national ammonia emissions profile to California by month and hour of the day

Emissions Sensitivities

- Sensitivity runs were performed in which NO_x and NH₃ emissions were increased by 50% across the board
- Increasing NH3 and NOx emissions does not significantly affect nitrate levels below ~4 ug/m3, but causes overpredictions in nitrate when concentrations are between 4-8 ug/m3

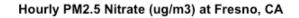


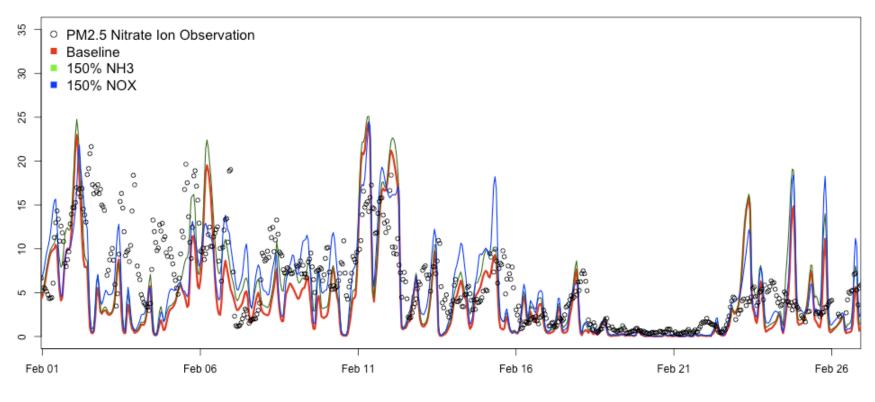
nitrate conc

nitrate conc

PM2.5 Nitrate – Emissions Sensitivities

• Emissions adjustments do not substantively "improve" model performance of hourly PM2.5 nitrate ion

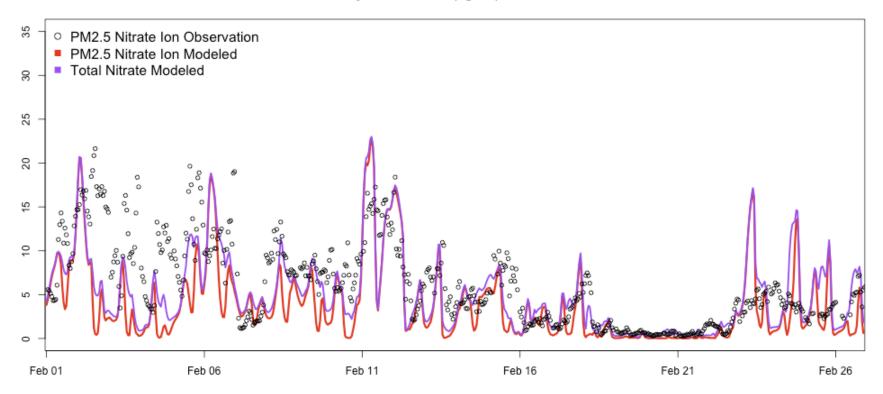




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Hourly PM2.5 Nitrate at Fresno

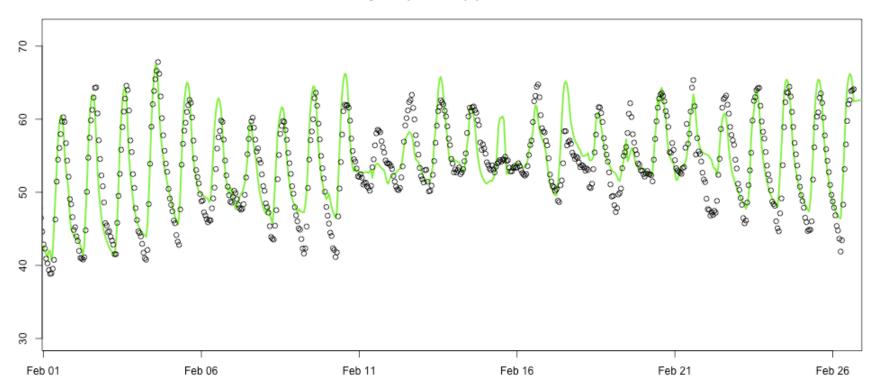
Hourly PM2.5 Nitrate (ug/m3) at Fresno, CA



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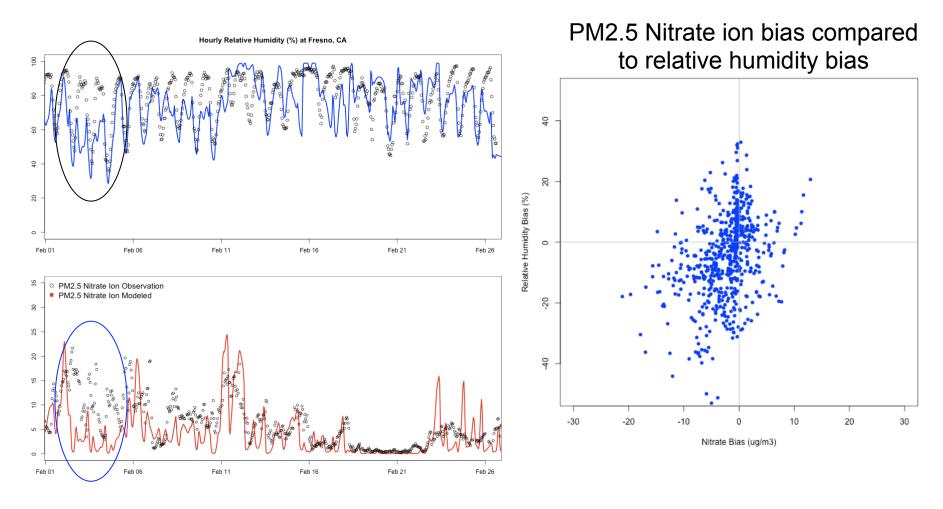
Temperature

Hourly Temperature (C) at Fresno, CA

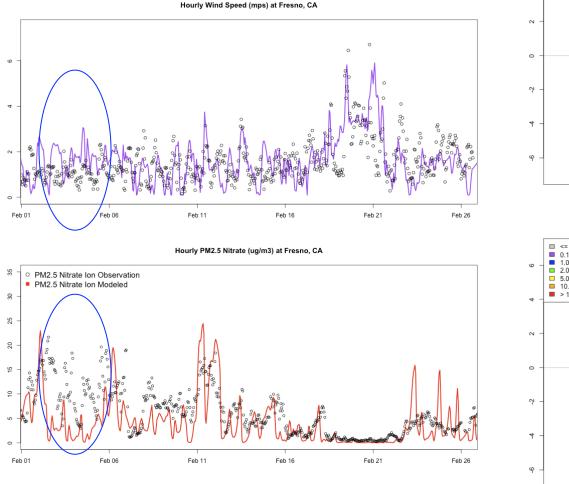


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Relative Humidity

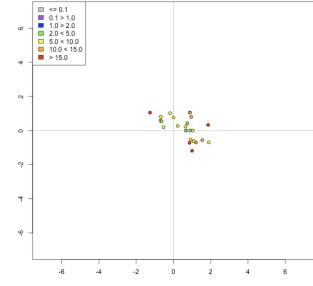


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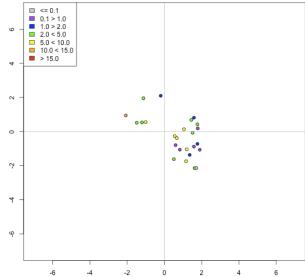


Wind Speed

Observed PM2.5 Nitrate Ion (ug/m3) Feb 2005

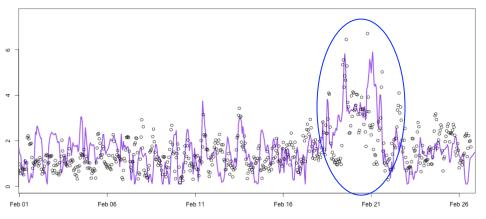


Predicted PM2.5 Nitrate Ion (ug/m3) Feb 2005

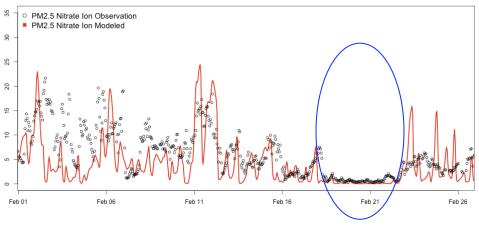


Wind Speed

Hourly Wind Speed (mps) at Fresno, CA

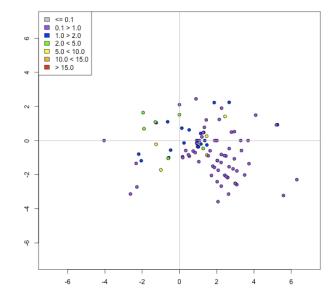


Hourly PM2.5 Nitrate (ug/m3) at Fresno, CA

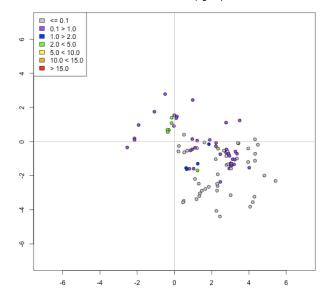


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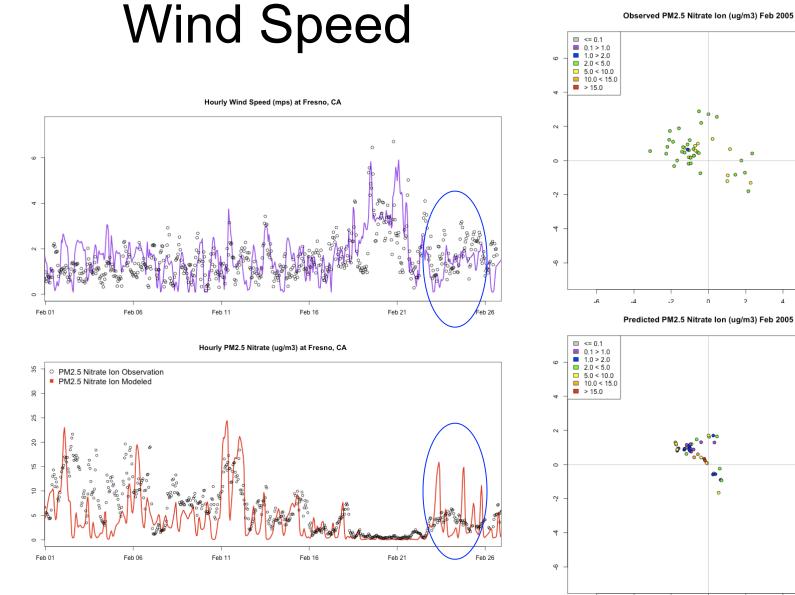
Observed PM2.5 Nitrate Ion (ug/m3) Feb 2005



Predicted PM2.5 Nitrate Ion (ug/m3) Feb 2005



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Observed PM2.5 Nitrate Ion (ug/m3) Feb 2005

-6

-4

-2

0

2

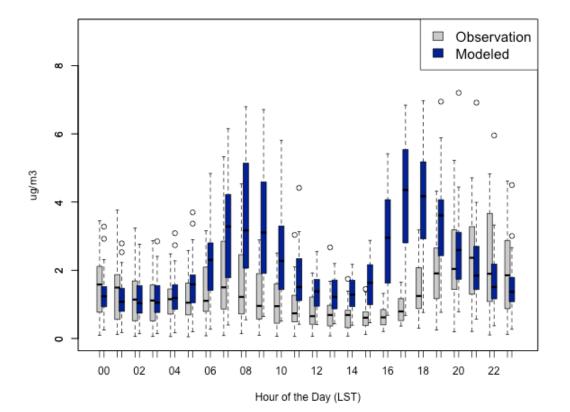
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Speciated PM2.5 by Hour of the Day

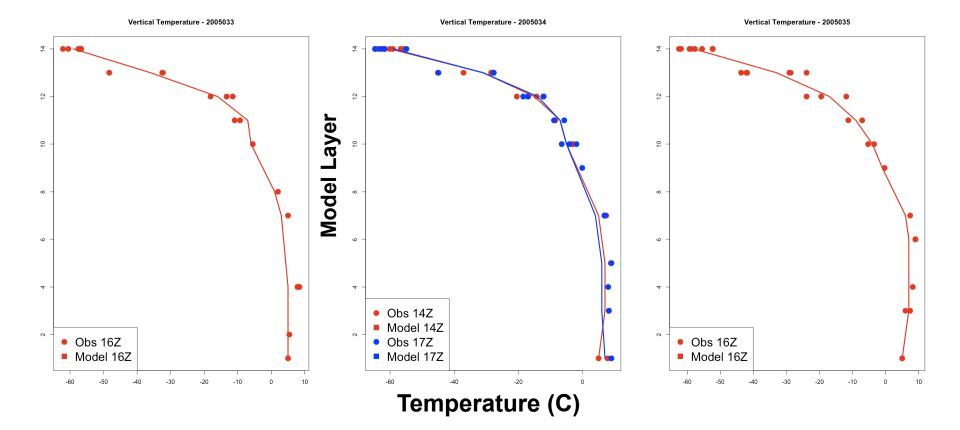
No direct measurements of PBL in the central valley
Hourly elemental carbon measurements provide an indirect characterization of the tendency of the modeling system to capture diurnal variability in mixing height



Feb 2005 PM2.5 Black Carbon : 12WUS1

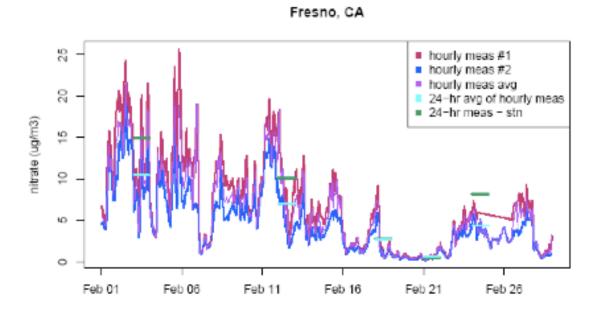
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Vertical Temperature Performance at Hanford, CA (near Fresno)



Measurements

- How accurate are measurements of PM2.5 nitrate ion at Fresno?
- Multiple methods making hourly PM2.5 nitrate ion measurements
- Additional 24-hr measurements from CSN network site
- Large variability between measurement methods



Conclusions

- RH and wind speed influence model estimates of PM2.5 nitrate ion in central California during the winter
- Increased NOX did not improve performance during these episodes
- Increases in ammonia emissions do not help with PM2.5 nitrate under estimation events and actually degrade model performance
- EC temporal profiles compare well but model tends to overestimate EC which suggests PBL may not be contributing to under estimation events
- Quite a bit of variability in PM2.5 measurements at Fresno
- Next steps of investigation: deposition (may be affected by phase of nitrate)