VERIFICATION OF THE NOAA-EPA AIR QUALITY FORECASTS FOR SUMMER 2005



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AIR QUALITY FORECAST VERIFICATION 2005: 5x, 5x3 and 3x Comparisons

 We compared the performance of two models with different configurations. The developmental model was subject to change.

The experimental model was more stable.

- (5x) 5x developmental tests to provide feedback for possible model configuration changes, on conterminous U.S. (CONUS).
- (5x3) 5x developmental tests on the 3x domain which allowed comparisons in performance to the 3x model predictions.
- (3x) 3x Experimental tests on the eastern U.S. to assist in the validation of 3x verification provided by NCEP. A graphic of the 2005 3x domain is given in Fig. 2.



Fig. 1. Introduction: Objectives, Air Quality Verification, Summer 2005.



Fig. 2. 3x grid over the eastern U.S., 935 stations, 2005.

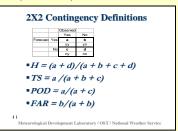


Fig. 3. Definition of H, TS, POD, FAR.

Table 1. Monthly contingency results for June - September, 2005. Data gaps may have affected June results.

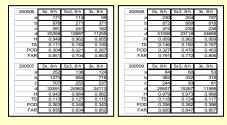


Table 2. Contingency results for the 2005 season, lower 5x POD from under-prediction in California.

2005	5x, 8-h	5x3, 8-h	3x, 8-h	
а	737	573	433	
b	3505	2189	2223	
С	1816	924	718	
d	118462	89319	72035	
Н	0.957	0.967	0.961	
TS	0.122	0.155	0.128	
POD	0.289	0.383	0.376	
FAR	0.826	0.793	0.837	

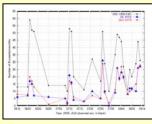


Fig. 4. 8-h 5x3 vs. 3x, correctly predicted/ observed events, June 15 – August 13, 2005. Similar performance after July 8.

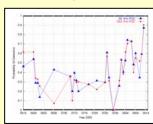


Fig. 5. 8 hour 5x3 vs. 3x, POD, June 30 results (cold start).

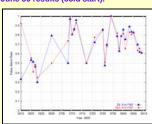


Fig. 6. 8 hour 5x3 vs. 3x, FAR, June 15 - August 13, 2005.

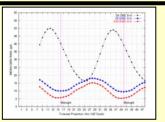


Fig. 7. Bias, 8 hour 5x3 vs. 3x, August 1 - 15, 2005 (3x obs in black).

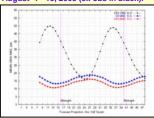


Fig. 8. MAE, 8 hour 5x3 vs. 3x, August 1 - 15, 2005 (5x obs in black).



Fig. 9. 8-h 3x ozone predictions with observations, August 13, 2005.



Fig. 10. 8-h 5x ozone predictions with observations, August 13, 2005, similar to 3x. Note: 5x under-prediction in California.

CASE STUDY, JULY 12, 2005, SURFACE OZONE REDUCTION ASSOCIATED WITH THUNDERSTORMS

- We examined the observations recorded at four stations located in the narrow band of predicted exceedances for July 11 - 12. Hits are correct predictions > 85 ppb.
- Table 3 shows verified hits over Delaware, Ohio, and Michigan, but not over Pittsburgh, PA, for day 2 (July 12).

- Pittsburgh, PA, reported a thunderstorm in the area at 2300 UTC, July 12, 2005.
- The 5x prediction for Pittsburgh, PA, would not have included the thunderstorms.
- Given the elevated ozone recorded in nearby areas without thunderstorms, the Pittsburgh observations are likely to have more closely matched the predicted values, had thundershowers not occurred in the area during the verification period.



Fig. 11. 8-h 5x predictions and observations, July 12, 2005.

Table 3. 8-h observations for four stations, July 11 - 12, 2005.

Time	2200	2300	2400	0100	0200	0300	0400
			-		-		
PA, July 11 PA, July 12	83 54	94 58	98 58	98	93	83 40	69 33
,,							
DE, July 11	81	86	89	91	92	91	89
DE, July 12	102	107	110	111	111	109	105
OH, July 11	92	97	98	95	90	84	76
OH, July 12	93	95	95	93	88	82	74
MI, July 11	81	87	91	94	95	93	90
MI, July 12	78	83	85	85	84	82	78

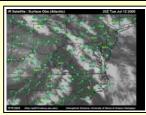


Fig. 12. Surface observations for July 12, 2005, 2300 UTC.

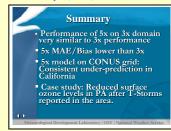


Fig. 13. Summary, Summer 2005.